

**Eritrea: Statement by Minister
Tesfai Ghebreselassie at UNFCCC- COP 28**



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THE STATE OF ERITREA

Ministry of Land, Water & Environment

دولة ارتريا

وزارة الاراضي والمياه والبيئة

Statement by H.E. Mr. Tesfai Ghebreselassie Sebhatu

Minister of Land, Water and Environment

The State of Eritrea

UNFCCC- COP 28 – Dubai, UAE

Honorable Chairperson
Excellences Heads of Delegation
Distinguished Participants,
Ladies and gentlemen,

Allow me first to join previous speakers to express our gratitude to the government and people of UAE for the warm hospitality accorded to my

delegation. I also congratulate UAE on their election to the Presidency of COP 28 and the financial pledge they made to boost global climate finance.

Mr. Chairperson,

For a long time now, science has ominously predicted the perilous consequences of human-induced global warming that could pose existential threat in the absence of robust remedial measures. **Numerous reputable stakeholders, eminent personalities and conscientious environmental advocates also have been calling world governments to do all what it takes to deter climate change.**

Indeed, the severity and pervasiveness of the impacts of global warming are too obvious. As there is no other critical issue that could unite humanity more than the challenges of climate, the community of nations have been impelled to engage for decades in a series of endless and intensive negotiations, in order to determine and agree on the scale and tempo of green-house gases' emission reduction, which is crucial to mitigate global warming.

It must be underlined that considerable consensus has been reached on several global environmental governance issues. The rise of global environmental awareness as well the advancement in renewable energy technology are also noteworthy. However, when it comes to the crux of the overarching challenge of GHG emission reduction to the level recommended by science, the result remains sad and preoccupying.

As we humans push nature to the brink of the limit of its capacity to cope with atmospheric pollution, every event amplifies that time is not in our favor in the bid to heal our planet from the damages perpetrated by past and present human activities.

The extreme weather events such as that caused immense harm on the lives and livelihoods of millions of people during this outgoing year in many parts of the globe should not to be taken lightly. As a continuation of worsening conditions, they portend peril the magnitude of which is hard to imagine.

Mr. Chairperson,

Eritrea's emission is negligible and inconsequential by all standards. Yet, as one of the African countries south of the Saharan region, where desert encroachment is rampant, we are among the most impacted by global warming and climate alteration.

In facing this formidable challenge, we have been engaged in finding nature-based solutions; primarily through ecosystem restoration activities that help enhance climate resilience and adaptive capacity of our communities. We determined to continue these activities for generations at a widespread national scale.

However, our non-emitter or less-emitter country status cannot be taken for granted. Naturally, we need and deserve to grow fast our economy. Towards the achievement of this objective, we will have to tackle modern energy poverty, which continues to be among the critical barriers to our developmental effort.

These undertakings will require us to make big investment to replace old and inefficient thermal power plants and that need to be retired, build new ones and install expansive renewable energy facilities, as well as minimize systems loss in transmission, distribution and consumption.

In this regard, my country is highly appreciative of all development partners who extend their support in capacity building, transfer of technology and favorable terms of financing needed for the success of our effort to develop and adapt to climate change.

Mr. Chairperson.

My delegation believes that the policies of developed country parties, usually guided as they are by narrow national interests, are inconsiderate about the legitimate concerns, developmental challenges and priorities of the developing world.

Taking into account the grave consequences of global climate change, the economic and technological reasons and arguments of pragmatism used by the developed world to cover their failure to shoulder their morale responsibilities to reduce their emission is hard to comprehended, let alone condoned. Everyone

knows, and it is openly declared that hundreds of billions of dollars are spent to fan devastating conflicts.

To break the impasse, Eritrea joins its voice with the parties who strongly urge the developed country parties to take the issue of global climate change seriously and observe their moral responsibility, as per the basic tenets of the Convention and Paris Agreement.

Mr. Chairperson,

In conclusion, I would like to express Eritrean delegation's best wishes for COP 28 to come out with deliberations that will impart it historical relevance.

Far from hoping against hope, our fervent expectation is that COP 28 – UAE will indeed be instrumental in convincing all parties to solemnly shoulder their responsibilities and do their respective fair share, so as to save our commonly shared planet from the perilous grips of global climate crisis.

Such commitment will constitute an eloquent testament and inspiring proof of genuine global partnership that augurs well for mutual human progress, and maintenance of the health and livability of our planet.

True partnership really promotes progress!

I Thank you for your attention.